

$$1). \sqrt[n]{2ab - a} + \sqrt[n]{2bc - b} + \sqrt[n]{2ca - c} = \sqrt[n]{a(2b - 1)} + \sqrt[n]{c(2c - 1)} + \sqrt[n]{c(2a - 1)}$$

$$\leq \sqrt[n]{ab^2} + \sqrt[n]{bc^2} + \sqrt[n]{ca^2} \dots \dots \dots 2p$$

$$\sqrt[n]{ab^2} = \sqrt[n]{\underbrace{1 \cdot 1 \cdot \dots \cdot 1}_{n-2} \cdot a \cdot b^2} \leq \frac{n-2+a+b^2}{n} \dots \dots \dots 2p$$

$$\text{Deci } \sum \sqrt[n]{2ab - a} \leq \sum \sqrt[n]{2ab^2} \leq \frac{3(n-2) + (a+b+c) + (a^2+b^2+c^2)}{n} \leq \dots \dots \dots 2p$$

$$\frac{3n-6 + \frac{a^2+b^2+c^2+3}{2} + a^2+b^2+c^2}{n} = \frac{3n-6+3+3}{n} = 3 \dots \dots \dots 1p$$

2). a). $(\sqrt{2} - 1)^{x=\text{not } t}$

$$t^2 - 2t - 3 = 0; \Delta = 16 \quad t_1 = 1, t_2 = 3 \dots \dots \dots 2p$$

Revenim la notația inițială $(\sqrt{2} - 1)^x = 3 \dots \dots \dots 1p$

b). Condiții: $\begin{cases} -x > 0 \\ -x \neq 1 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x < 0 \\ x \neq 1 \end{cases} \dots \dots \dots 1p$

Notăm $-x=t \Rightarrow x = t^2$

$$\log_3 t^2 - 2 \log_t 9 = 2.$$

$$2 \log_3 t - \frac{4}{\log_3 t} = 2. \quad \log_3 t = \text{not } u$$

$u^2 - u - 2 = 0 \dots \dots \dots 2p$

$$u \in \{-1; 2\} \Rightarrow t_1 = \frac{1}{3}, t_2 = 9, x \in \left\{-9, -\frac{1}{3}\right\}$$

$$x = \frac{1}{\log_3(\sqrt{2}-1)} \dots \dots \dots 1p$$

- 3). Fie $a = z + \frac{1}{z}$. Avem $a^3 = z^3 + \frac{1}{z^3} + 3\left(z + \frac{1}{z}\right)$1p
- $\Rightarrow |a|^3 = \left|z^3 + \frac{1}{z^3} + 3\left(z + \frac{1}{z}\right)\right| \leq \left|z^3 + \frac{1}{z^3}\right| + 3\left|z + \frac{1}{z}\right| \leq 2 - 3|a|$3p
- $\Rightarrow |a|^3 + 3|a| - 2 \leq 0$1p
- $\Leftrightarrow (|a| + 1)^2(|a| - 2) \leq 0$1p
- $\Leftrightarrow |a| \leq 2$1p